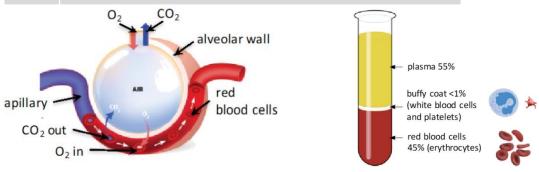


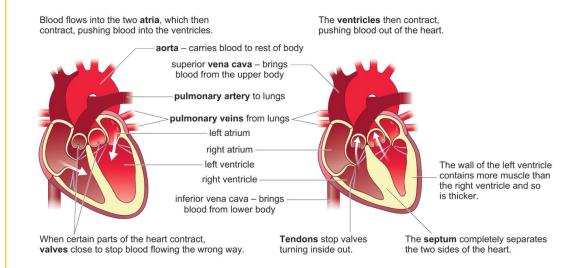
## Knowledge Organiser: Biology, CB8

Jesus grew in wisdom and stature" Luke 2:52

1	Living organisms obtain the substances they require for life and get rid of waste products by diffusion e.g Oxygen, minerals, dissolved food, carbon dioxide and urea.	
2	Single celled organisms do not need transport systems as they have a large surface area to volume ration	
3	Multi-cellular organisms need a mass transport system because they have a small surface area.	
4	In humans, the <b>mass transport system</b> is the <b>blood</b> and the gas exchange surface is the lungs	
5	The <b>heart</b> pumps low oxygen/high carbon dioxide containing blood to the lungs. In the lungs, oxygen and carbon dioxide are exchanged in the alveoli.	
6	<b>Alveoli</b> have a very good blood supply, thin membranes and a large surface area to volume ratio for maximum diffusion	
7	<b>Blood is a tissue</b> containing plasma in which red blood cells, white blood cells and platelets are suspended	
8	There are three types of blood vessels  Arteries- Carry blood away from the heart  Veins- carry blood towards the heart  Capillaries connect arteries and veins	
9	The heart is an organ that pumps blood around the body in a <b>double circulatory system</b>	
10	The <b>right ventricle</b> pumps blood the lungs where gas exchange takes place	

The **left ventricle** pumps blood under high pressure around the rest of the body and back to the right side of the heart







## Knowledge Organiser: Biology, CB8b

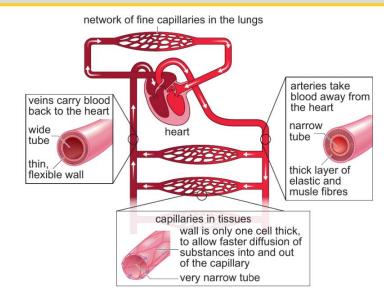
Jesus grew in wisdom and stature" Luke 2:52

1	Every living cell needs <b>energy</b> . This energy is released from <b>food (glucose)</b> by a series of chemical reactions called <b>respiration</b>
2	<b>Cellular respiration (aerobic respiration)</b> happens inside <b>mitochondria</b> and is an <b>exothermic</b> reaction. The energy released is used inside cells for metabolic processes
3	During hard exercise muscles switch to anaerobic respiration to transfer energy. Lactic acid is produced.
4	During long periods of vigorous exercise, muscles become fatigued and stop contracting efficiently
5	After exercise the lactic acid must be combined with oxygen to convert it to carbon dioxide. The amount of oxygen needed is called the <b>oxygen debt</b> .

The word equation which represents aerobic respiration is:

The balanced symbol equation which represents aerobic respiration is:

$$C_6H_{12}O_6 + 6O_2 \longrightarrow 6CO_2 + 6H_2O$$



	Aerobic respiration	Anaerobic respiration in animal cells
Oxygen	Required	Not required
End products	Carbon dioxide and water	Lactic acid
Oxidation of glucose	Complete	Incomplete
Efficiency of energy transfer	High	Low